



IP Plasma Solutions

Plasma Gases

GAS	MIXTURE	APPLICATIONS
O₂	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removal of organic contamination • Stripping of photoresist • Activation of polymers • Degreasing of metals and polymers • Hydrophilation • Oxydation
H₂	Used in conjunction with carrier gas in levels of less than 10%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cleaning metals without oxydation • Hyrophobation • Removal of oxides
Ar	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activation and degreasing of metals • Hydrophilation • Removing epoxy bleed-out from hybrid circuits without oxydation, often used with up to 3% O₂ for faster bleed-out removal • Oxide removal
He	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activation and degreasing of metals and polymers • Hydrophilation • Cooling agent for O₂
N₂	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activation of polymers • Removal of Epoxy bleed-out on Hybrid circuits • Removal of oxides
C₂H₄	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polmerization
CH₄	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polmerization
C₂H₂	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Polmerization
CF₄	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Epilamization • Silicon etchant
SF₆	100%	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Silicon etchant

FS-100	97%He 3%O ₂	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removal of thin film organic contamination from easily oxidized metals and synthetics • Low temperature removal of organics from metals without oxidation • Low temperature ashing
FORM-ING GAS	90-95% N 5-10% H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removing oxides, especially useful as a follow-up process in hybrid cleaning or other oxidizing processes as glass to metal seals
DS28	N ₂ with 2ppm water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • removal of organics from sensitive substrates without oxidation
DS180	92%O ₂ 8%CF ₄	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removal of thick layers of photoresist
DS100	99.78%(40% O ₂ to 60%He) .22%CF ₄	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removal of photoresist from chrome masks without oxidation of underlying chrome • Removal of organic contamination from chrome
DS300	97%O ₂ 3%CF ₄	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Photoresist removal in aluminum chambers or with faraday insert in quartz chambers • Removal of organic contamination
DS16281	99%N ₂ 1%O ₂	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removes photoresists films over oxidizing or with TCR and resistor networks being unchanged (thin films only) may also have increased O₂ as designated by the last digit signifying the percentage
FREON MIXES	4%O ₂ 96%CF ₄ 8.5%O ₂ bal CF ₄ 17.5%O ₂ bal CF ₄ 97%(99.5% He .5%O ₂) 3%CF ₄	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • etching SiO₂, Si₃N₄, Si, molybdenum, tantalum, tantalum nitride, tungsten • DE100, will not etch Al, ceramic, GaAs, indium antimonide, or sapphire • PDE100, more common etchant than DE100, etches 20 to 30% faster • DE101, etches SiO₂ and Si₃N₄ without etching silicon
IR101	70% ETHYLENE TRICHLORIDE 30% 1,1,2 TRICHLOROTRIFLOROETHANE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removal of inorganic contamination particularly tin from resist or contaminated chambers (used in conjunction with O₂), will also remove window oxide grown on exposed Si
FS100	97%He 3%O ₂	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • low temperature organic removal • flash strip of photo masks

The above mixtures may be pressure or flow dependant to achieve optimum results.

For further information contact:

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